## STOP THE **NVASION**

# ydrilla

Hydrilla verticillata

Hydrilla forms dense mats of vegetation that interfere with recreation and destroy fish and wildlife habitat.

#### Origin

Native to Africa, Australia, and parts of Asia. It was introduced to the United States in the 1960s for use as an aquarium plant.

#### **Status**

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Found on every continent except for Antarctica and South America. Possibly has invaded Canada.

#### Impacts

Dense growth and mats at the surface affects boaters, swimmers, and anglers. Reduces biodiversity by preventing native plants from growing. Clogs irrigation structures and can affect hydroelectric power generation.

#### Where to Look

Hydrilla grows underwater in shallow areas of springs, lakes, marshes, ditches, and rivers. It is used as an aquarium plant.



Look For: **OStems**: Slender and branched and up to 7.5 metres long, underwater.

**OLeaves:** Circle around the stem in groups of 4 to 8. The leaves have saw-toothed edges. The plant feels rough.

**OFlowers:** At the surface, white, very small, attached to thread-like stalks.

PREVENT THE SPREAD INTO MANITOBA Remove all vegetation from boats and equipment before moving to another location. Never discard aquarium contents into water bodies.

#### **Report a Sighting!**

Invasive Species Council of Manitoba 5006 Roblin Boulevard Winnipeg, Manitoba, R3R 0G7 ph: (204) 232-6021 fax: (204) 986-7236 info@invasivespeciesmanitoba.com



**Prairie Kegion** 

www.invasivespeciesmanitoba.com

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http://www.eddmaps.org/prairieregion/

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